

On the Diagnosis of Radiative Feedback in the Presence of Unknown Radiative Forcing -or -

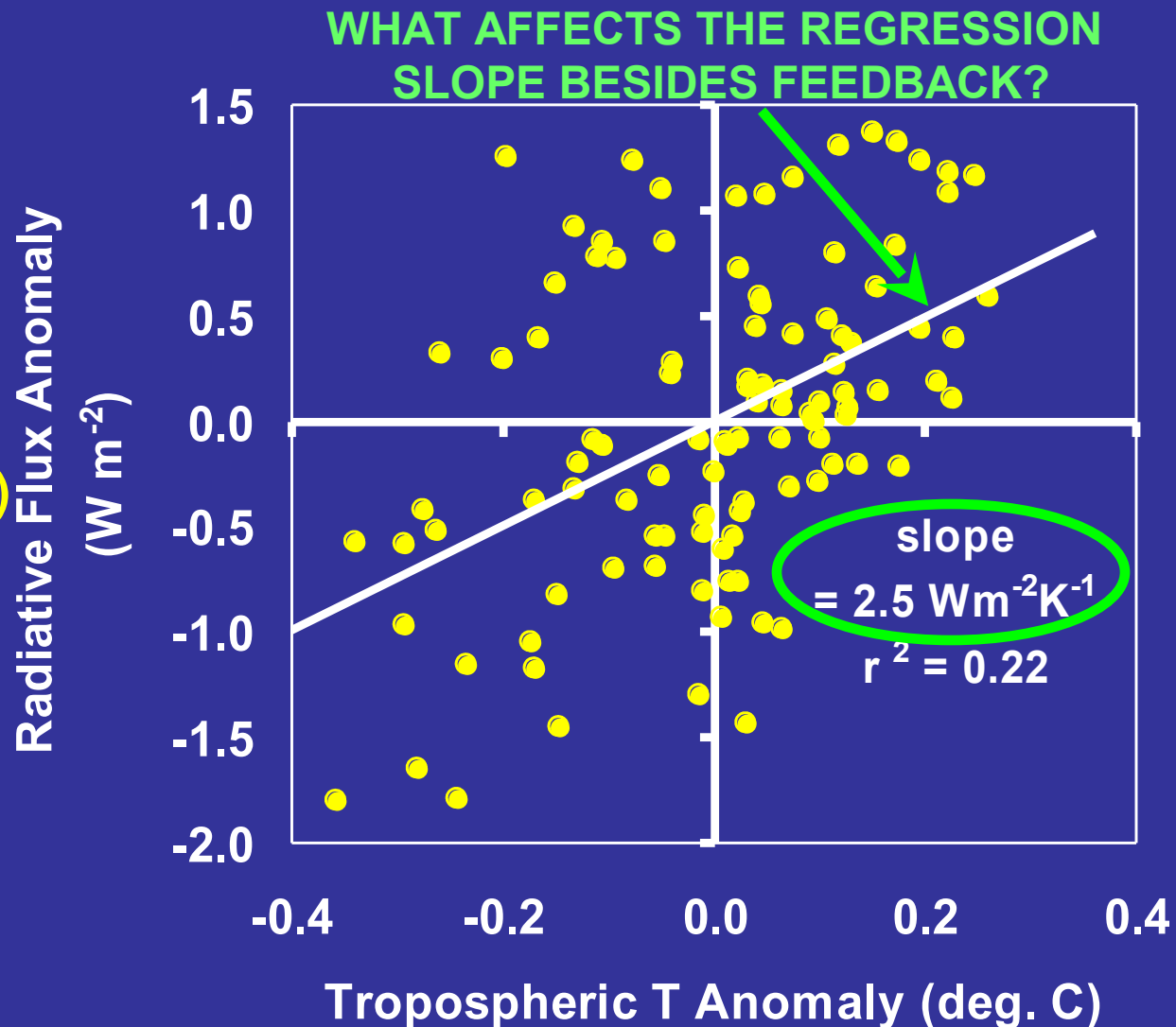
Connecting the Dots: Theoretical & Observational Evidence for Negative Cloud Feedbacks

**Roy W. Spencer
William D. Braswell
The University of Alabama in Huntsville**

**16 December 2009 AGU Meeting
San Francisco, CA**

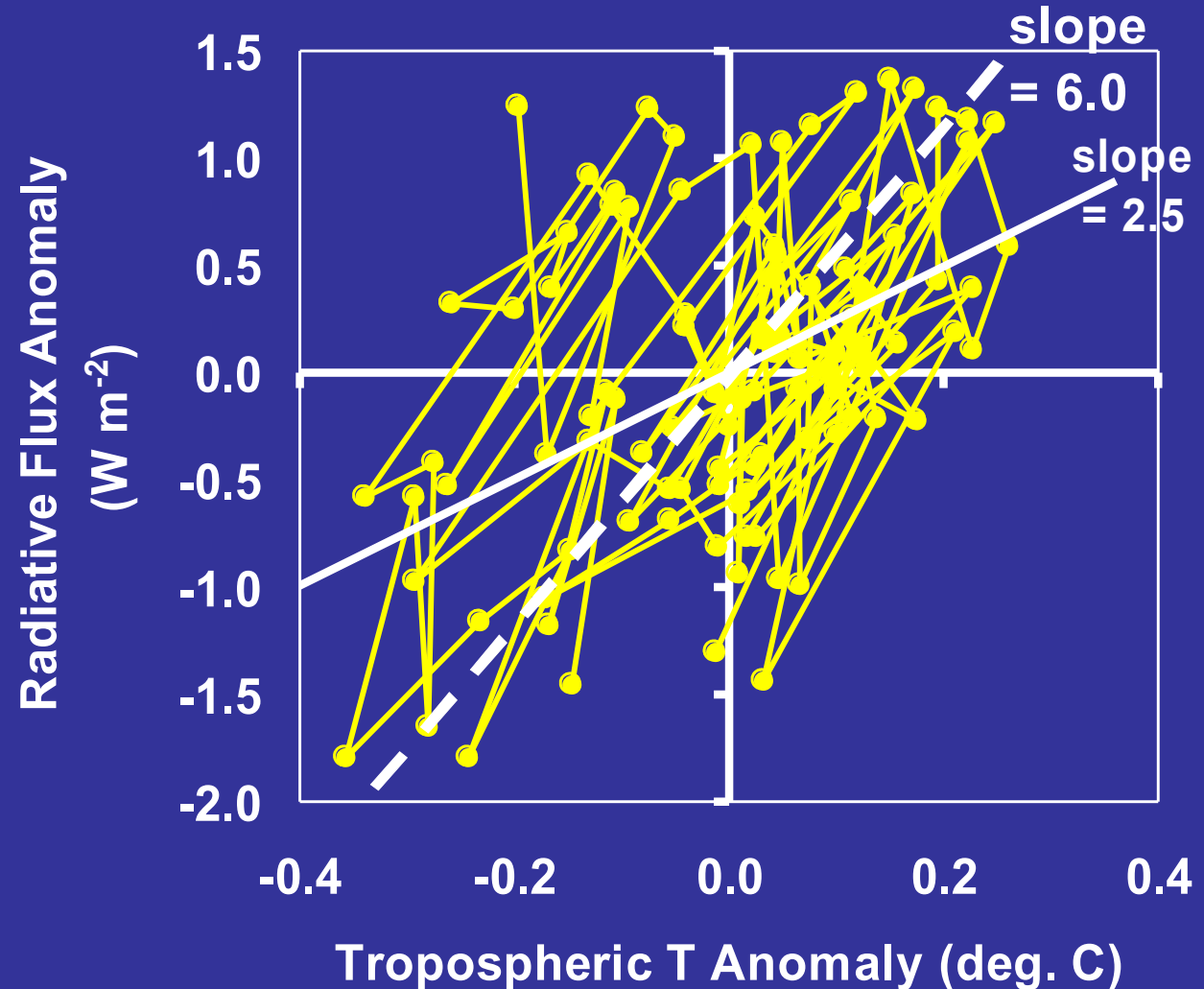
Radiative Flux vs. Temp. variations often show Strong Decorrelation...

Monthly Global
Terra Satellite
CERES ES-4 LW+SW
vs UAH MT (Aqua AMSU)
(Mar. 2000 – Dec. 2008)



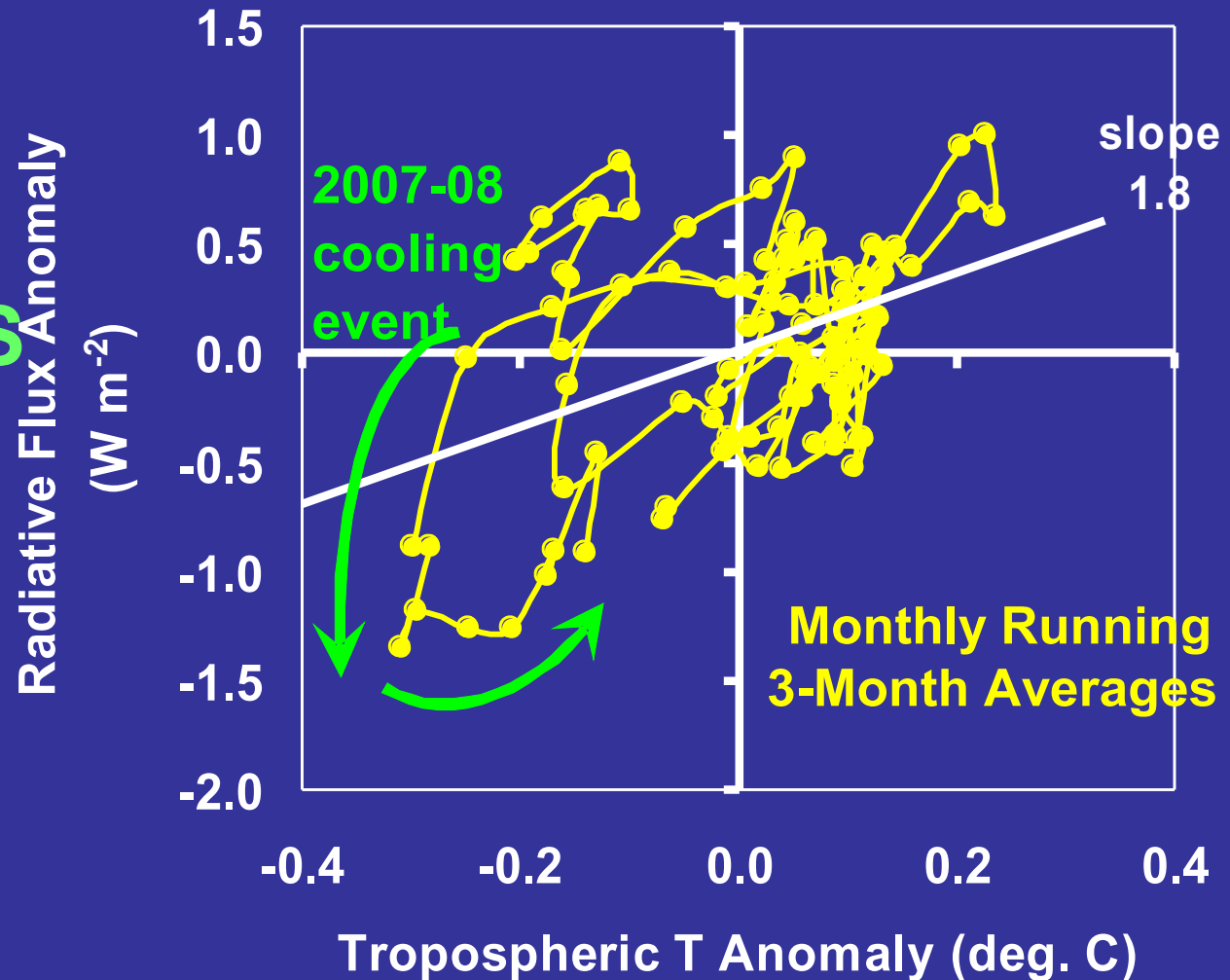
...but PHASE SPACE plotting reveals linear striations with a common slope $\sim 6 \text{ Wm}^{-2}\text{K}^{-1}$

CONNECTING
THE DOTS:
ARE LINEAR
STRIATIONS
FEEDBACK?



...& low-pass filtering reveals Looping Patterns...

WHAT CAUSES
LOOPING?

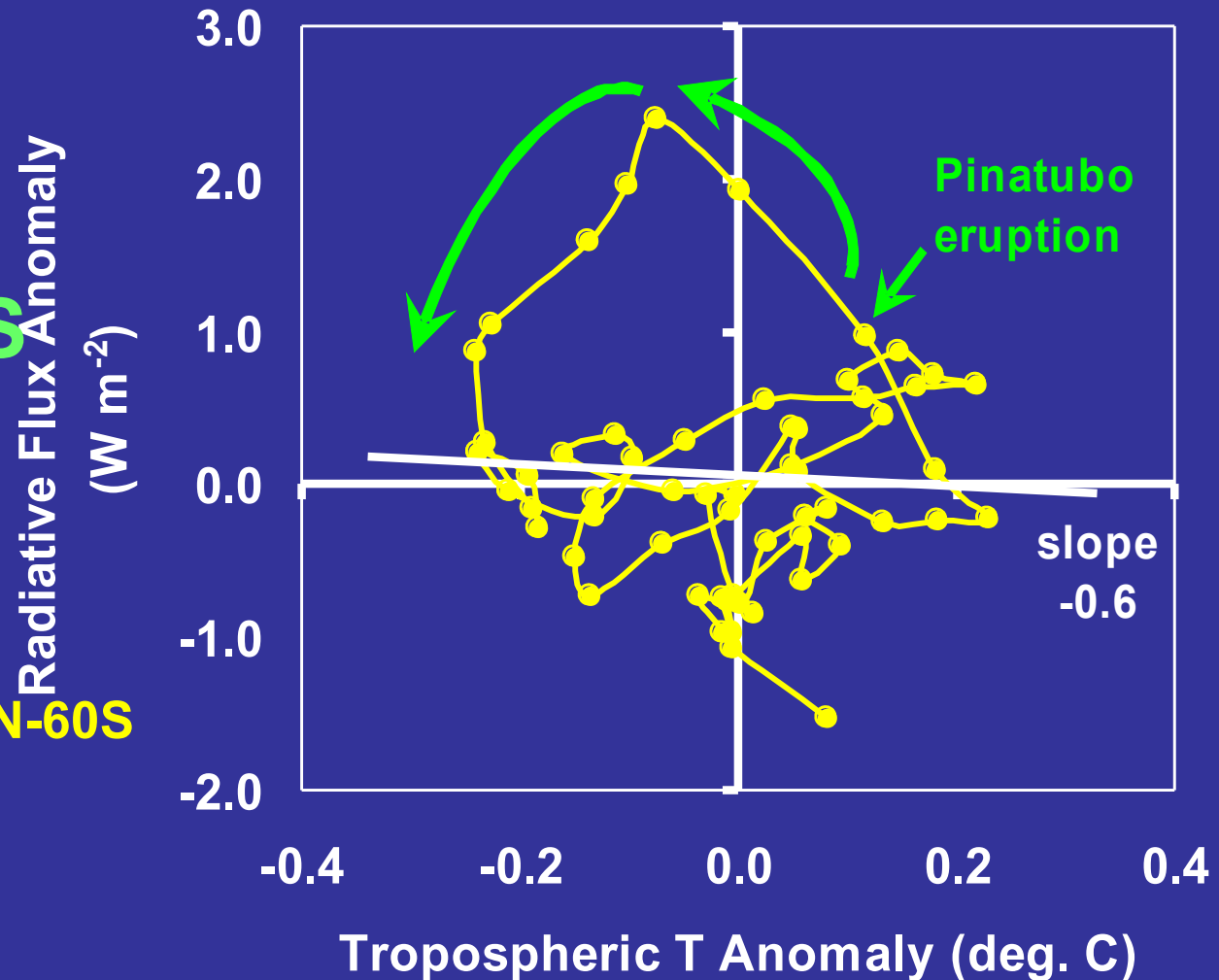


& older ERBS data shows similar looping pattern after 1991 Pinatubo eruption.

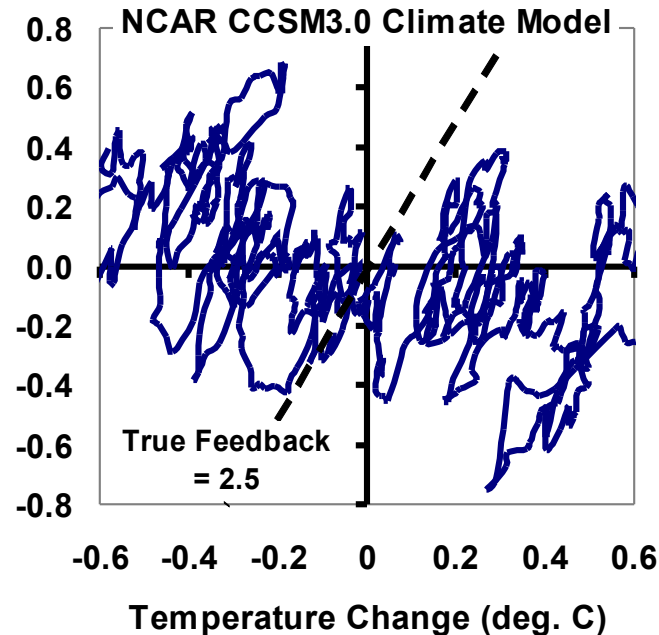
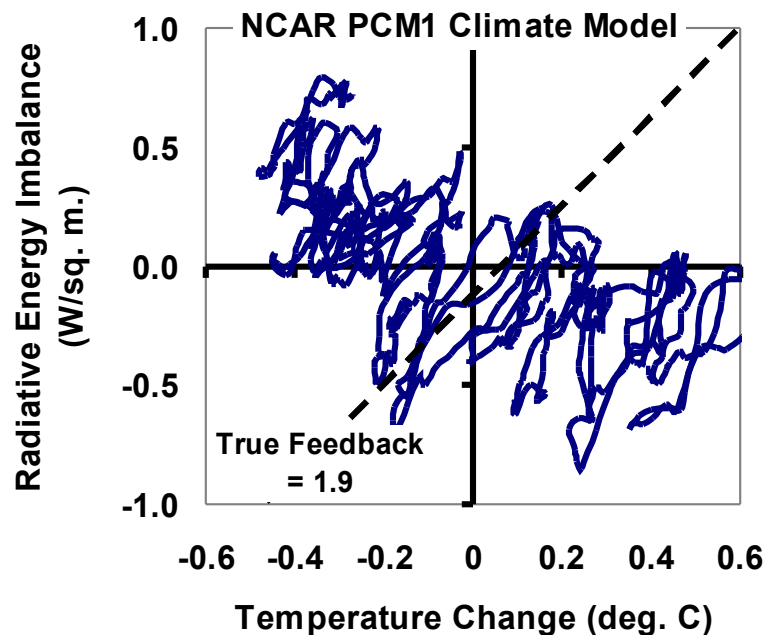
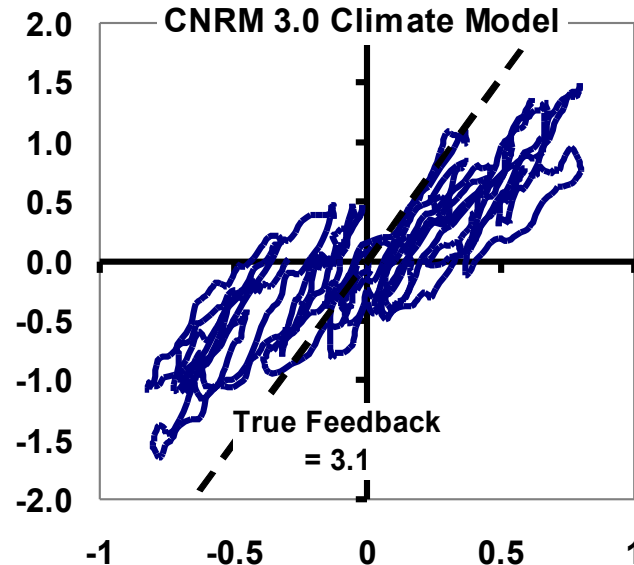
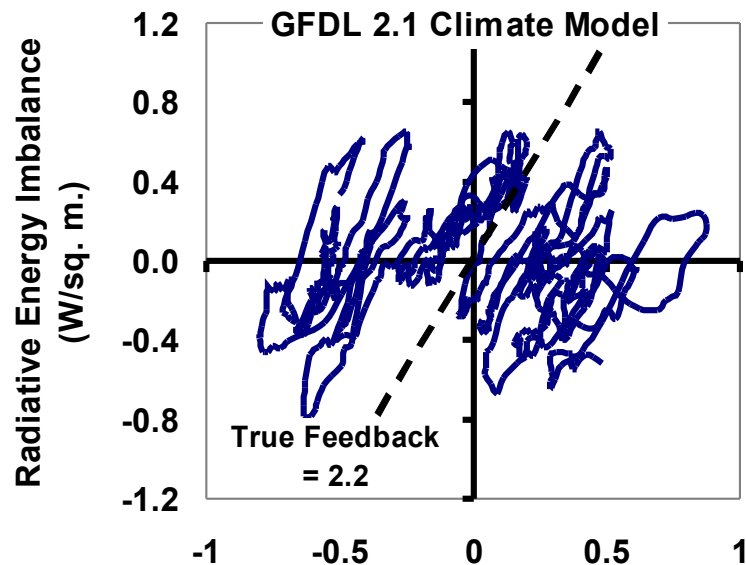
WHAT CAUSES
LOOPING?

72-day "Seasons", 60N-60S

ERBS Satellite
ERBE LW+SW
vs UAH MT
(1985-1999)



Linear Patterns in Four IPCC AR4 Models (obvious in LW only)



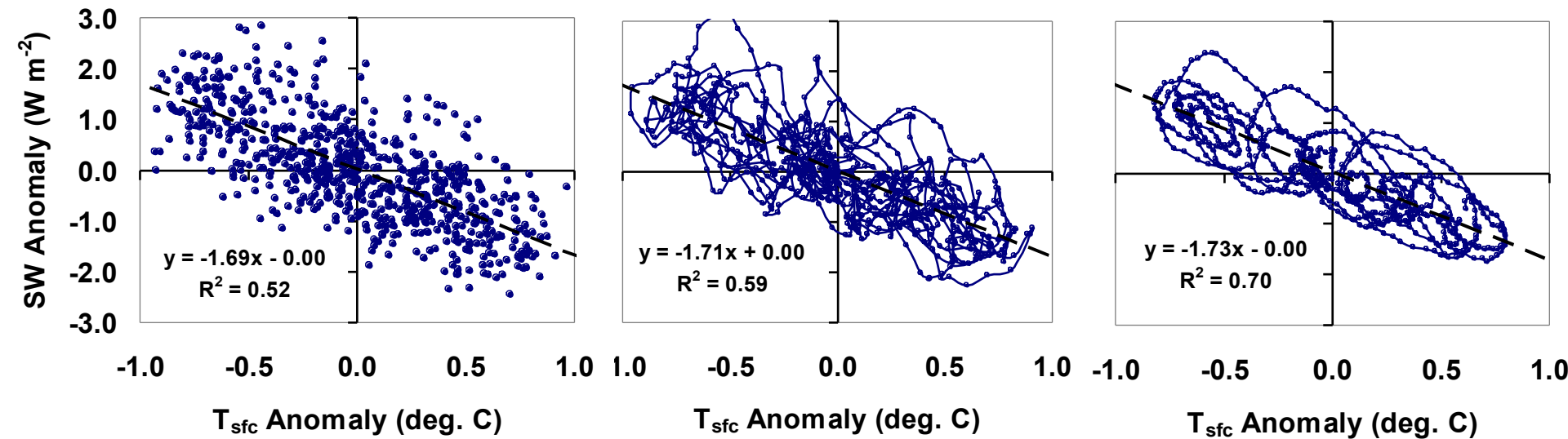
LW

Looping Patterns Seen in ALL 18 Models (especially in SW)

1 month
averages

3 month
averages

12 month
averages



CNRM CM3 Model, SW

Linear & Looping Features Easily Explained

with a Simple Model of Climate Variability:

(Spencer & Braswell, 2008 *J. Climate* [thanks to Isaac Held, *pers. comm.*])

Bulk heat

Capacity (mixed
layer depth)

CERES MEASURES ALL RADIATIVE SOURCES
(NOT just feedback)

$$C_p(d\Delta T/dt) = f(t) + N(t) + S(t) - \lambda\Delta T$$

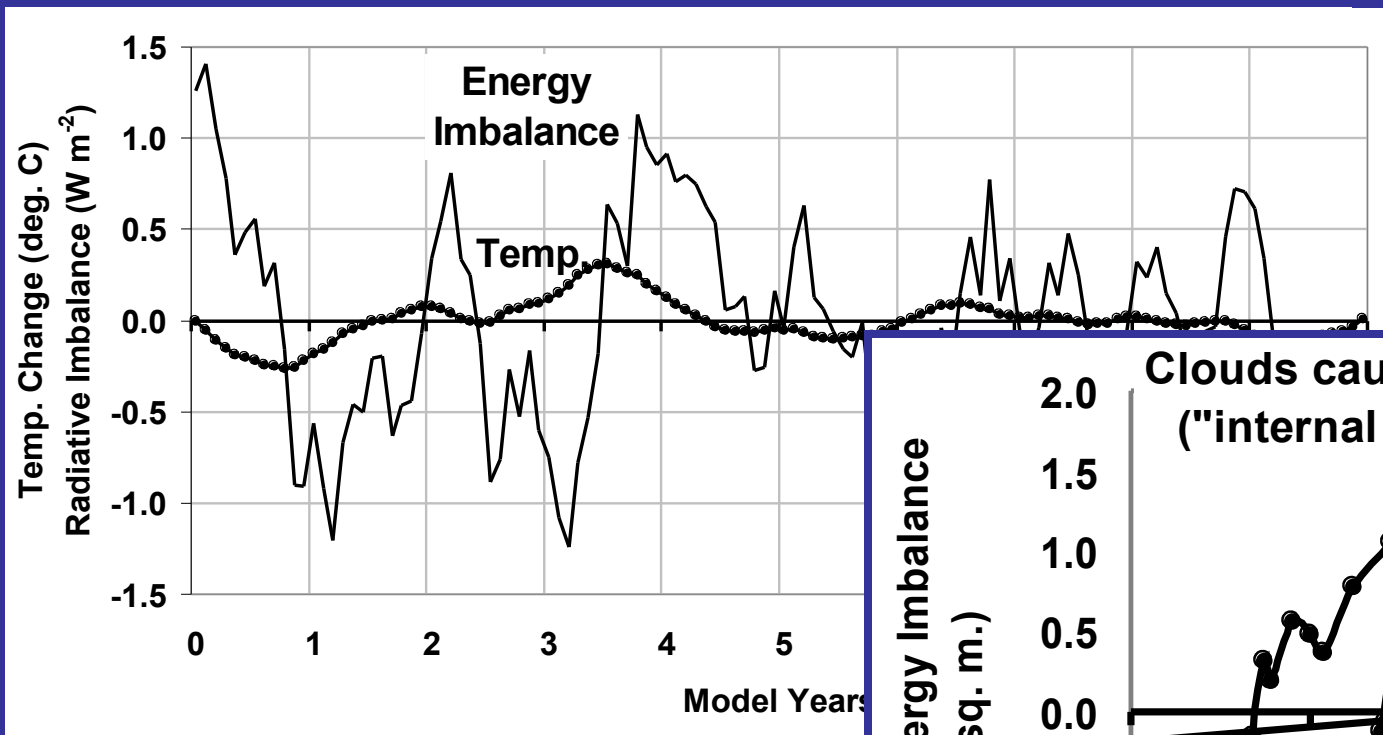
EXTERNAL RADIATIVE FORCINGS
(anthro.; volcanoes; solar)

INTERNAL RADIATIVE FORCINGS
(non-FB variations in clouds, mostly)

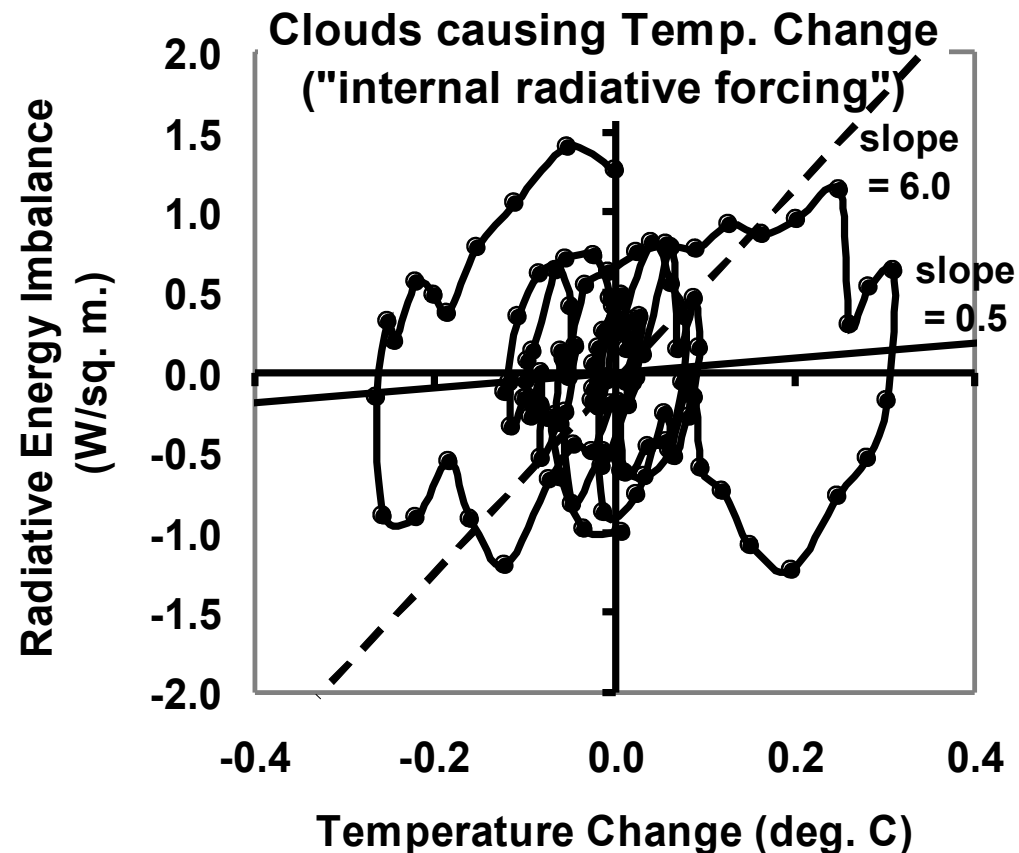
INTERNAL NON-RADIATIVE FORCINGS
(vars. in ocean => atmos. convective heat flux; variations in ocean upwelling)

FEEDBACK
on T chg.

SIMPLE MODEL: Clouds \Rightarrow Temperature (N term) causes LOOPING PATTERNS...



**LOOPING
PATTERN
(uncorrelated)**



Model parameters

15 m mixed layer;

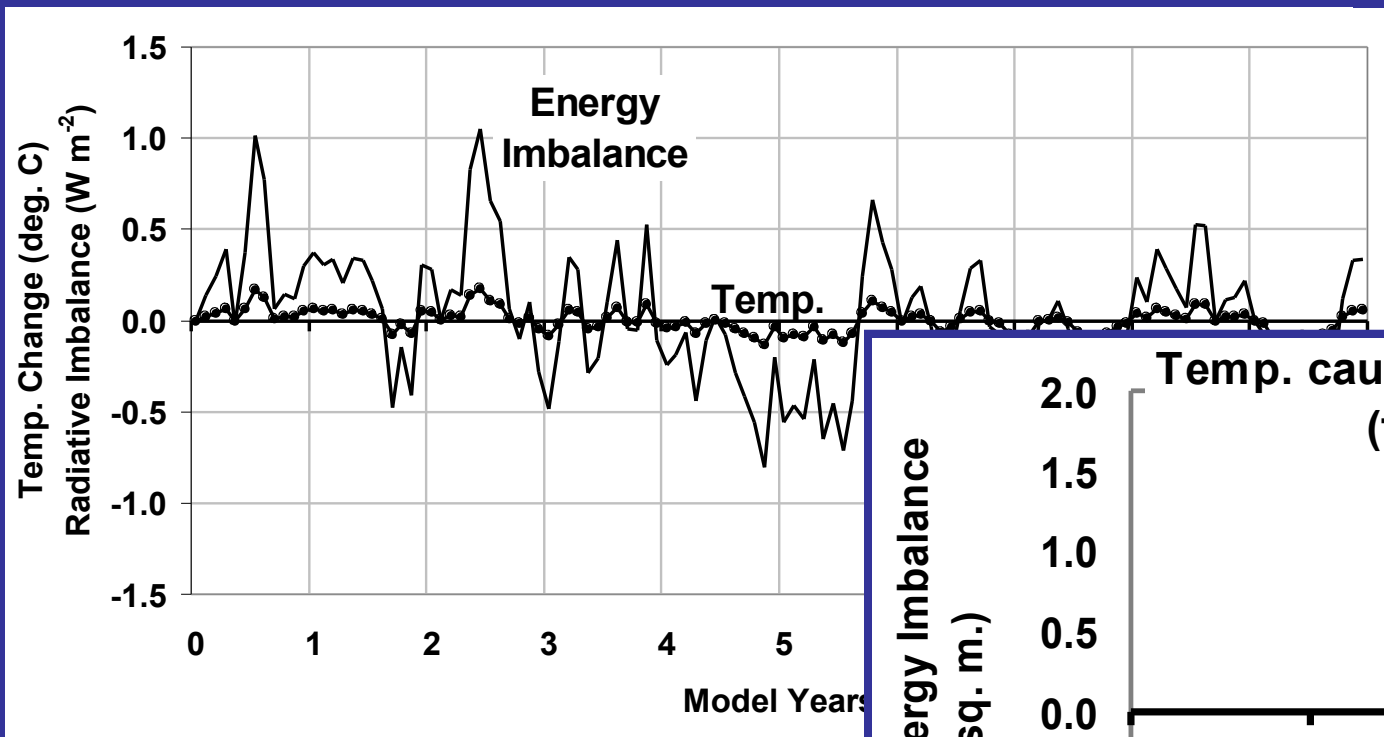
$$\lambda = 6 \text{ W m}^{-2} \text{ K}^{-1};$$

1 month time step;

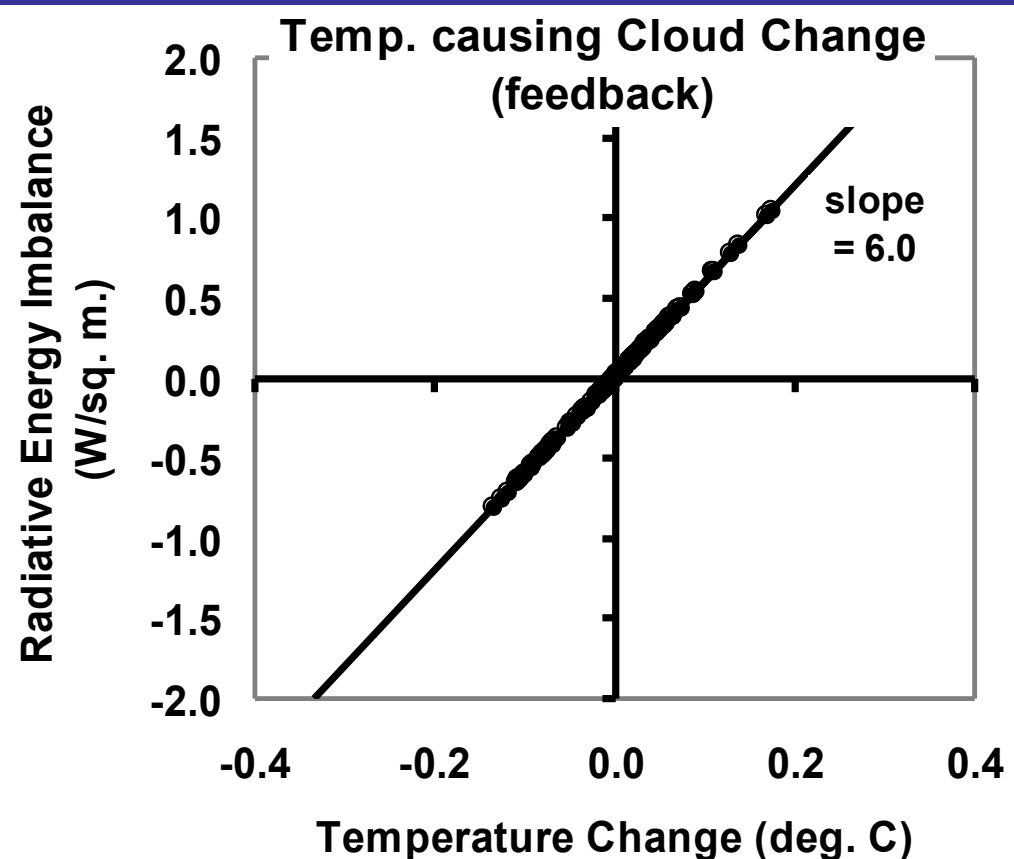
forced with low-pass
filtered random

cloud variations ("N" term)

SIMPLE MODEL: Temperature => Clouds (S term) causes LINEAR STRIATIONS.



**LINEAR
PATTERN
(correlated)**



Model parameters

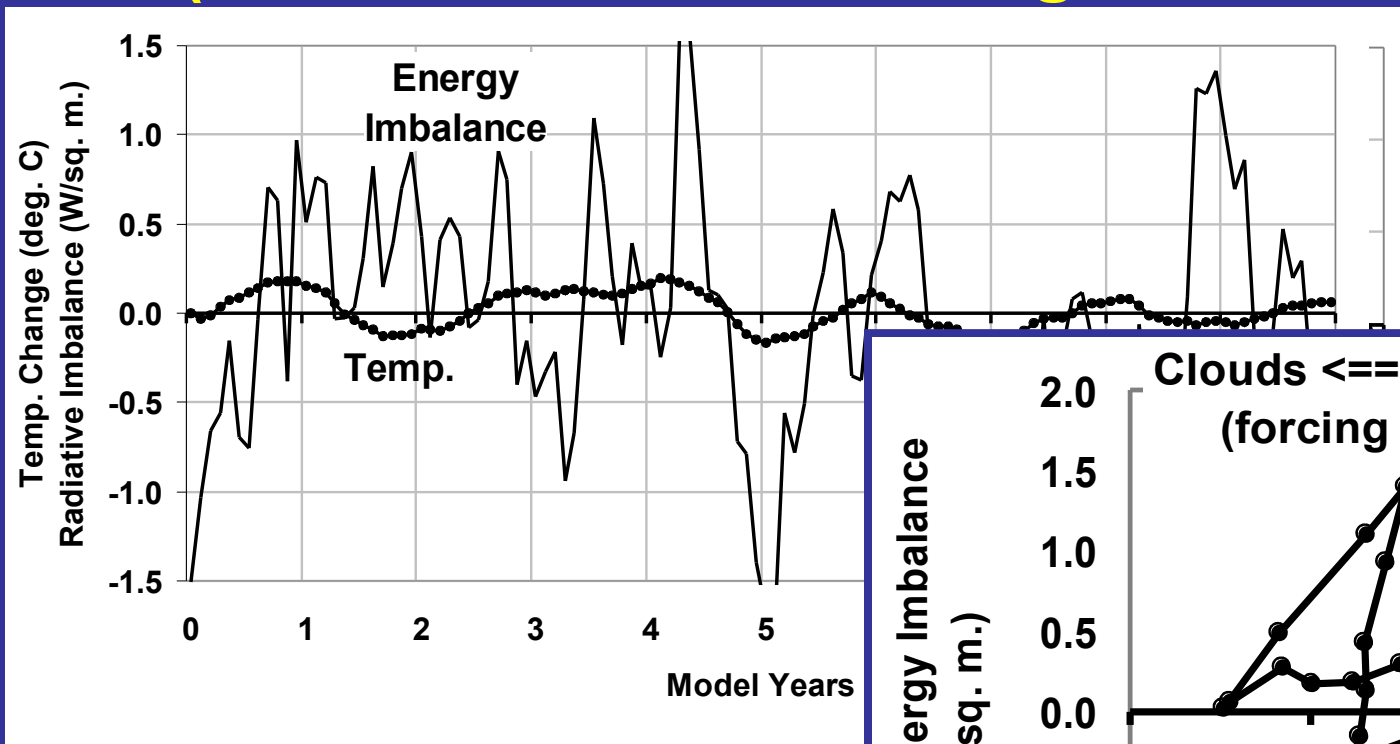
15 m mixed layer;

$$\lambda = 6 \text{ W m}^{-2} \text{ K}^{-1};$$

1 month time step;

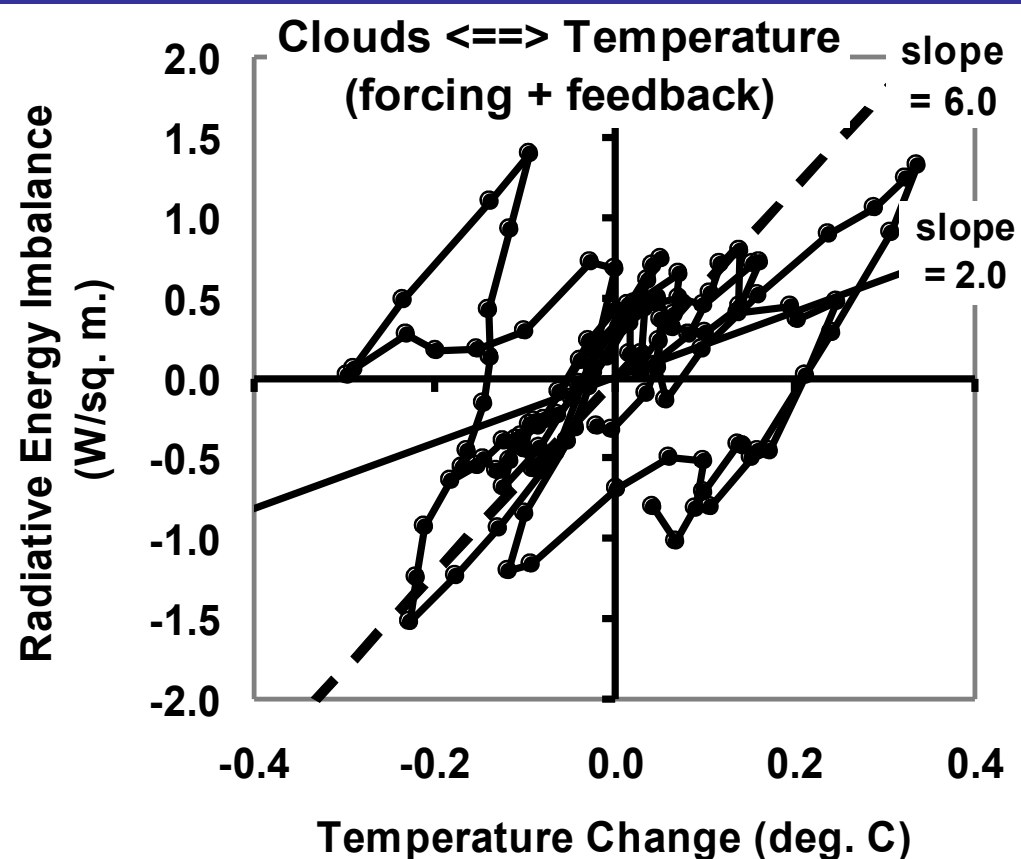
forced with low-pass filtered
random temp. variations ("S" term
e.g. chgs. in convective heat flux)

Most Realistic: BOTH Forcings Combined (internal radiative forcing + non-rad. forcing)



**LINEAR &
LOOPING
PATTERNS**

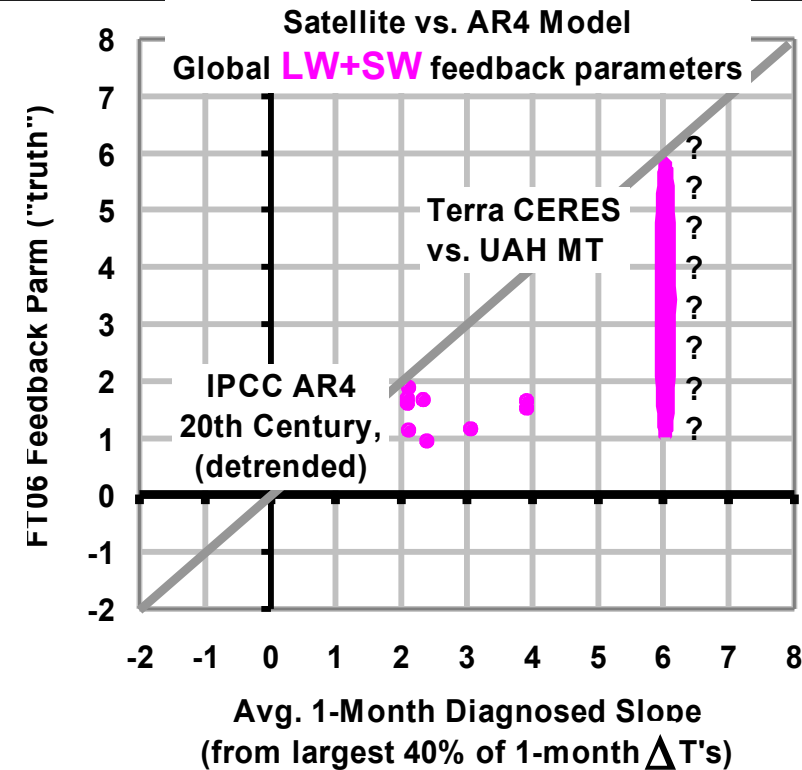
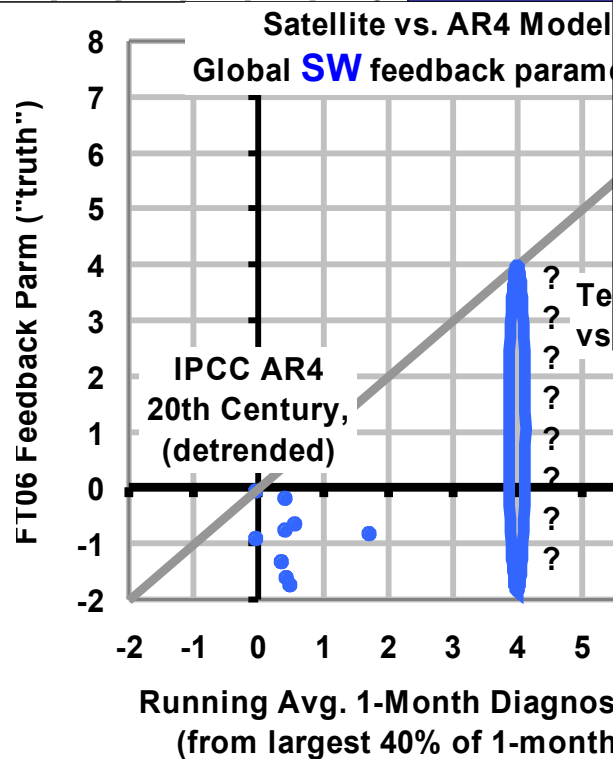
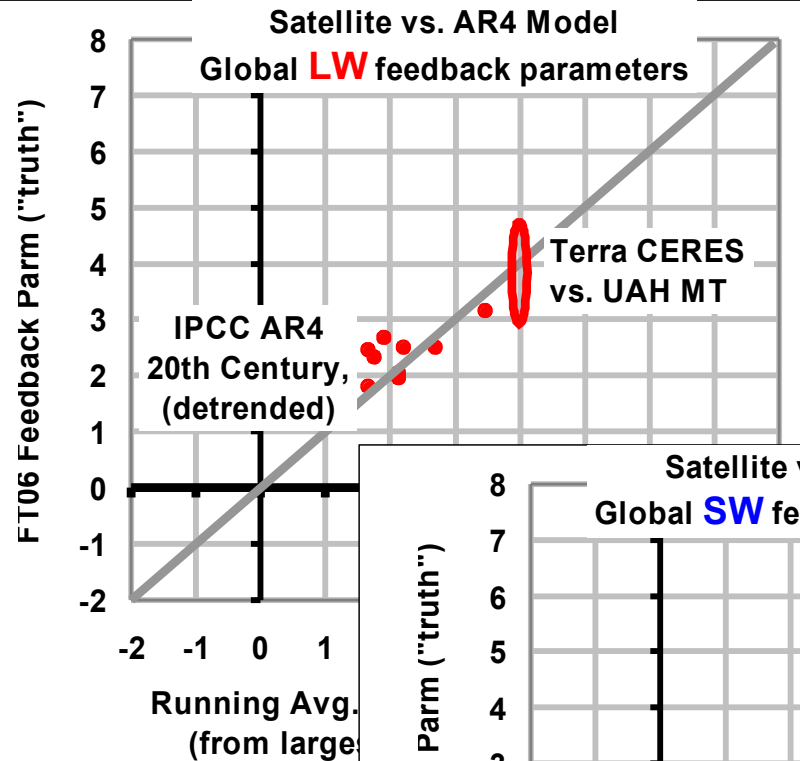
Model parameters
15 m mixed layer;
 $\lambda = 6 \text{ W m}^{-2} \text{ K}^{-1}$;
1 month time step;
forced with low-pass filtered
random cloud & T variations
("N" & "S" terms)



So, How Can We Better Extract Feedback “Signal” when it is Mixed in with Internal Radiative “Noise”?

- No single best method
- My current favorite:
 Compute month-to-month slopes (e.g. $\Delta[\text{LW}+\text{SW}] / \Delta T$) for LARGEST ΔT 's & then average together (“Local Slopes Analysis”)

Local Slopes Analysis: CMIP Models vs. Satellite, evidence of neg. cloud feedback in satellite data?



Implications for Satellite Diagnosis of Feedbacks

- **Feedback diagnosis MUST account for “internal radiative forcing” (which decorrelates data)**
 - Feedback can NOT be measured when it's from time-varying radiative forcing of any kind (UNLESS known accurately and removed, e.g. CO2 forcing in a model)
- **IGNORING internal radiative forcing leads to Feedback Parameter diagnosis errors which are variable and (usually) biased low**
 - Spencer & Braswell 2008 J Climate
- **Conceptually, this is a “cause vs. effect” issue:**
CLOUDS \Leftrightarrow TEMPERATURE
 - Previous feedback diagnoses have ignored the effect of causation in one direction: (clouds \Rightarrow temperature)

Backup Slides

WHY TROPOSPHERIC TEMPERATURE RATHER THAN SURFACE TEMPERATURE?

At ~1 month time
resolution,

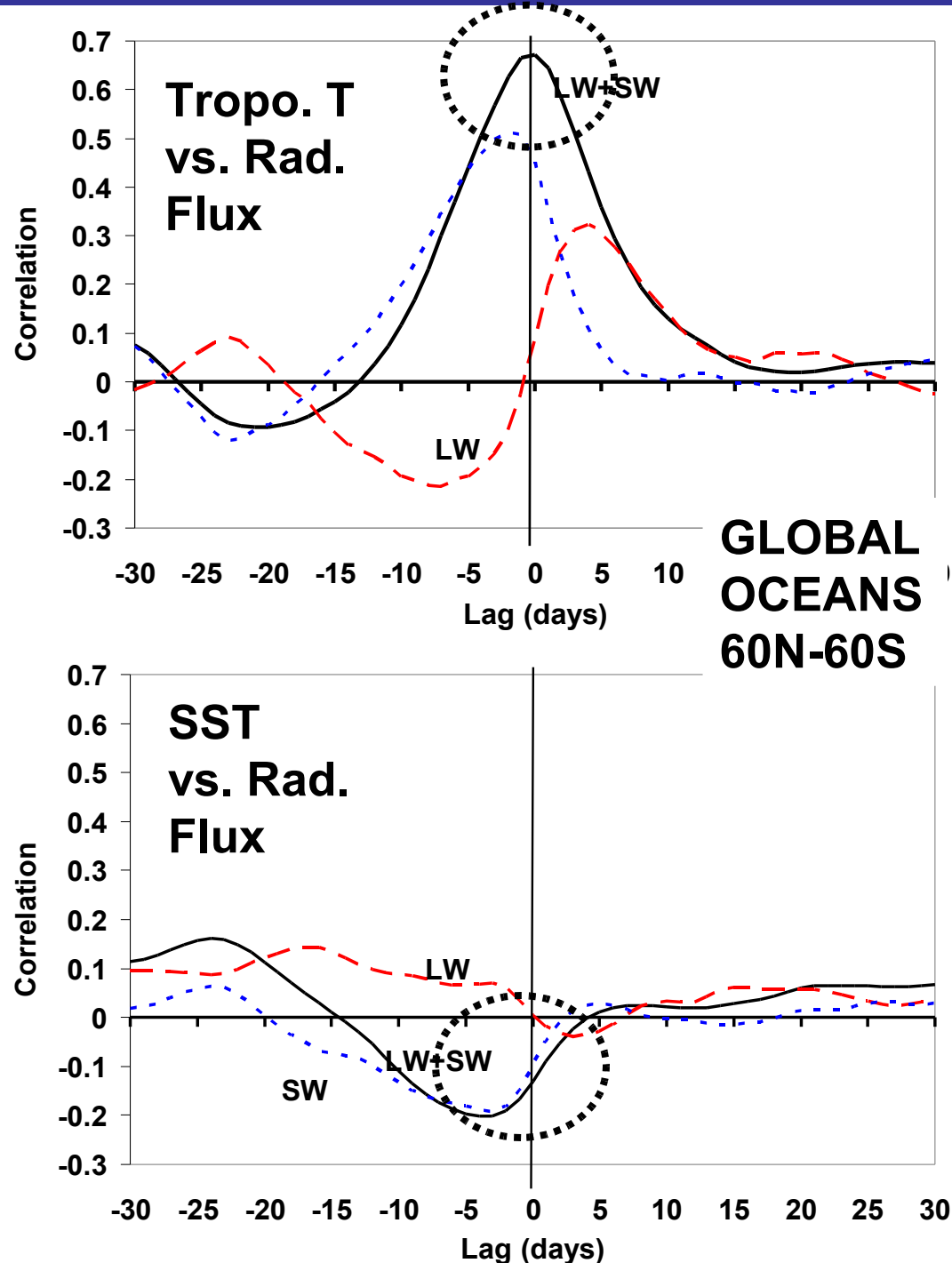
Radiative Flux Anomalies

(Aqua CERES LW+SW) are
more closely correlated
with

Tropospheric
Temperature (AMSU5)

than with

Sea Surface Temperature
(AMSR-E)



IPCC CMIP Model Behavior vs. Satellite: evidence of negative cloud feedback?

